

EUROPE LEGEND

PARIS, BRUSSELS, AMSTERDAM, COLOGNE,
HEIDELBERG, TITISEE, RHINE FALLS, ZURICH, LUCERNE

Tour Code: 10EPP



FRANCE



BELGIUM



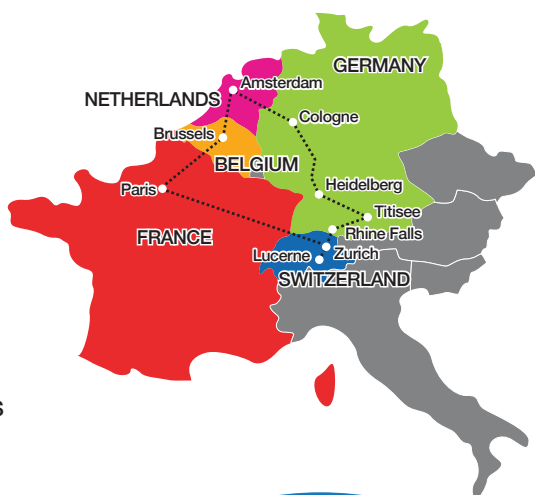
NETHERLANDS



GERMANY



SWITZERLAND



Eiffel Tower



Cuckoo Clock
Factories



Grand Place



Arch of Triumph



Louvre Museum



Heidelberg Old Bridge



Zaanse Schans



SCHEDULE



HERITAGE



CULTURE



FAMILY



SCENIC



LEISURE



SHOPPING

D1

KUALA LUMPUR → PARIS
(16H20M++)

D2

PARIS - BRUSSELS (314KM 3H30M)
- AMSTERDAM (202KM 2H45M)
(MOB/L/-)

- Atomium (Photo Stop)
- Grand Place (Drive Pass)
- Maison du Roi (Walking Orientation)
- City Hall (Walking Orientation)
- Manneken Pis (Walking Orientation)

D3

AMSTERDAM (B/-/D)

- Canal Cruise (Ticket Included)
- Dam Square (Photo Stop)
- Diamond Factory (Visit)
- Zaanse Schans (Entrance Included)
 - Wooden Shoes Workshop
 - Cheese Farm

D4

AMSTERDAM - COLOGNE
(260KM 3H20M) - HEIDELBERG
(250KM 2H45M) (B/L/-)

- Cologne Cathedral (Walking Orientation)
- Oldest University (Drive Pass)
- Heidelberg Old Bridge (Photo Stop)
- Medieval Town (Walking Orientation)

D5

HEIDELBERG - TITISEE (218KM
2H40M) - RHINE FALLS (68KM 1H10M)
- ZURICH (47KM 1H) (B/L/-)

- Rhine Falls (Photo Stop)
- Lake Titisee (Walking Orientation)
- Cuckoo Clock Factories (Visit)

D6

ZURICH - LUCERNE (52KM 1H10M)
- ZURICH (52KM 1H10M) (B)

- Lion Monument (Photo Stop)
- Wooden Chapel Bridge & Water Tower (Photo Stop)
- Old Town (Free & Easy)

Recommended Optional:
Mount Titlis with Cable Car Ride (CHF 100/pax)

D7

ZURICH - PARIS
(595KM 7H) (B)

- Scenic Drive to Paris

BRUSSELS

- **Atomium** - The Atomium is a building in Brussels originally constructed for Expo 58, the 1958 Brussels World's Fair. Designed by the engineer André Waterkeyn and architects André and Jean Polak.
- **Grand Place** - The Grand Place or Grote Markt is the central square of Brussels. The square is the most important tourist destination. It is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- **City Hall** - The City Hall of Brussels is a masterpiece of the Gothic civil architecture of the 15th century. The wealth inside also makes it one of the most luxurious city halls of the country. It possesses an important artistic and historic heritage (paintings, sculptures, tapestries).
- **Manneken Pis** - Manneken Pis is a landmark small bronze sculpture in Brussels, depicting a naked little boy urinating into a fountain's basin. It was designed by Hiëronymus Duquesnoy the Elder and put in place in 1618 or 1619.

AMSTERDAM

- **Zaanse Schans** - With its traditional houses, windmills, warehouses and workshops, the historic village of Zaanse Schans offers a preserved glimpse of what it was like to live in the Netherlands in the 18th and 19th centuries.
 - **Wooden Shoe Workshop** - a beautiful three-bay 18th-century building and it is largest clog shop in the Netherlands. Fifty years ago, this mill barn became home to an extraordinary clog factory with a clog museum and shop. Each day, you can watch as the clog-makers demonstrate their craft by transforming a block of wood into a wooden shoe!
 - **Cheese Farm** - a beautiful farmhouse has a detached dwelling and was constructed using old beams. The Kaasmakerij hosts daily cheese-making demonstrations that illustrate every aspect of cheese production.

COLOGNE

- **Gothic Cathedral of Cologne** - One of the oldest cities in Germany. Within the most spectacular Gothic cathedral of Cologne has the world's largest church facade, 1996 has been designated as World Heritage Site. It is the main symbol of Cologne, unofficial symbol.

HEIDELBERG

- **Medieval Town** - The "old town" on the south bank of the Neckar, is long and narrow. The Main Street (Hauptstrasse), a mile-long pedestrian street, running the length of the old town. The town itself is a maze of historic, baroque and gabled buildings lining the river with its romantic old-town behind.

TITISEE

- **Lake Titisee** - A lake in the southern Black Forest in Baden-Württemberg. It is said it got its name from Roman Emperor Titus. It covers an area of 1.07 km² and has an average depth of 20 m.[1] It owes its creation to the Feldberg glacier, the moraine ploughed up by which in the Pleistocene epoch nowadays forms the lake's shores. The lake's outflow, at 840 m above sea level, is the river Gutach (or as it is called farther downstream, the Wutach). On the north shore lies the spa town of the same name, today a part of the municipality of Titisee-Neustadt.
- **Cuckoo Clock Factories** - A cuckoo clock is a typically pendulum-regulated clock traditionally manufactured in the Black Forest in Germany that strikes the hours with a sound like a common cuckoo's call and often has a mechanical cuckoo that emerges with each note. The mechanism to produce the cuckoo call was installed in almost every kind of cuckoo clock since the middle of the 18th century and has remained almost without variation, until the present.



Rhine Falls



Lion Monument



Canal Cruise

D8

PARIS

(B/L/D)

- Seine River Cruise (Ticket Included)
- 2nd Level Eiffel Tower (Entrance Included)
- Arch of Triumph (Photo Stop)
- Champs Elysees (Drive Pass)
- Grand & Petit Palais (Drive Pass)
- Place de la Concorde (Drive Pass)
- Les Invalides (Drive Pass)
- Opera (Drive Pass)
- Military Academy (Drive Pass)
- Louvre Museum (Photo Stop)
- La Madeleine (Drive Pass)
- Galeries Lafayette (Shopping)

RHINE FALLS

- **Rhine Falls** - The Rhine Falls are Europe's mightiest waterfall. The falls are located at the northernmost edge of Switzerland.

LUCERNE

- **Lion Monument** - The Lion Monument, or the Lion of Lucerne, is a sculpture in Lucerne, Switzerland, designed by Bertel Thorvaldsen and hewn in 1820-21 by Lukas Ahorn. It commemorates the Swiss Guards who were massacred in 1792 during the French Revolution, when revolutionaries stormed the Tuileries Palace in Paris, France. Mark Twain praised the sculpture of a mortally-wounded lion as "the most mournful and moving piece of stone in the world."
- **Wooden Chapel Bridge & Water Tower** - The Kapellbrücke (literally, Chapel Bridge) is a covered wooden footbridge spanning diagonally across the Reuss River in the city of Lucerne in central Switzerland. Named after the nearby St. Peter's Chapel, the bridge is unique since it contains a number of interior paintings dating back to the 17th century, although many of them were destroyed along with most of the centuries old bridge in a 1993 fire. Subsequently restored, the Kapellbrücke is the oldest wooden covered bridge in Europe, as well as the world's oldest surviving truss bridge. It serves as the city's symbol and as one of Switzerland's main tourist attractions.

D9

PARIS → KUALA LUMPUR

(16H10M++)

(B/MOB)

D10

ARRIVE KUALA LUMPUR

★★★★★ HIGHLIGHTS ★★★★★

- ✓ Manneken Pis – the best-known symbol of the people of Brussels
- ✓ Discover Zaanse Schans Wooden Shoes & Cheese Making
- ✓ Enjoy Two Famous River Cruise: Canal River Cruise at Amsterdam and Seine River Cruise at Paris
- ✓ Cologne Cathedral – Designated as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1996
- ✓ Rhine Falls – a Breathtaking Stupendous Beauty and the Largest Plain Waterfall in Europe
- ✓ Lucerne is Best-Known for the Wooden Bridge Spanning the River to Connect the City
- ✓ Lion Monument – One of the Most Famous Monuments in Switzerland
- ✓ Visit 2nd Level Eiffel Tower – one of the world's most recognizable landmarks
- ✓ Louvre Museum – the world's most-visited museum and a historic monument in Paris
- ✓ Enjoy Shopping at Galeries Lafayette

★★★★★  ★★★★★
4 ★ HOTEL OR SIMILAR CLASS (7 NIGHTS)

- ✓ AMSTERDAM X 2 NIGHTS
- ✓ HEIDELBERG / MANNHEIM X 1 NIGHT
- ✓ ZURICH X 2 NIGHTS
- ✓ PARIS X 2 NIGHTS

*Hotel category – Some hotels may not have specific Twin or Double room types.

- Single Room – Single Bed
- Twin Room – 2 Single Bed
- Double Room – 1 Queen Size Bed (2 single bed combine as 1 queen size bed)
- Triple Room – Built in Bed (3 Single bed or 1 Double + 1 Single bed) or the 3rd bed will be Sofa Bed or Roll in Bed

PARIS

- **Eiffel Tower** - The Eiffel Tower is an iron lattice tower located on the Champ de Mars in Paris. It was named after the engineer Gustave Eiffel, whose company designed and built the tower. Erected in 1889 as the entrance arch to the 1889 World's Fair, it was initially criticised by some of France's leading artists and intellectuals for its design, but has become both a global cultural icon of France and one of the most recognizable structures in the world. Once the tallest structure in the world, the Eiffel Tower is probably Europe's best known landmark and Paris's most famous symbol.
- **Arch of Triumph** - is one of the most famous monuments in Paris. The Arc de Triomphe (in English: "Triumphal Arch") honours those who fought and died for France in the French Revolutionary and the Napoleonic Wars, with the names of all French victories and generals inscribed on its inner and outer surfaces. Beneath its vault lies the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier from World War I.
- **Champs Elysees** - Is a boulevard in the 8th arrondissement of Paris, which runs between the Place de la Concorde and the Place Charles de Gaulle, where the Arc de Triomphe is located. It is famous for its theatres, cafés and luxury shops, and for the military parade that takes place each year on the avenue on 14 July to celebrate Bastille Day.

★★★★★  ★★★★★

- ✓ 7 Breakfast / 4 Lunch / 2 Dinner
- ✓ Mix Western Meals And Chinese Meals
- ✓ Hot Breakfast

★★★★★ MEALS SPECIALTIES ★★★★★



3 Course Meal –French Cuisine with Escargot



3 Course Meal –Mussels Meals



3 Course Meal –German Lunch with Pork Knuckle

Disclaimer: During major conferences, fairs and festivals, act of nature and heavy flow of tourist arrival, the sequence of itinerary may change and accommodation may be located in an alternative city without prior notice.

Remark: There will be no refund or replacement if the tour logistic affected by the above issue. All pictures are for illustration purpose only